

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 1A

1)	Date: 5/16/2008, ROW Team6_Rotation2_Wk1	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #: 1	PS-06-001
Approx MP: 563.6		
Photos taken: DSCN0197.jpg, DSCN0198.jpg, DSCN0202.jpg (scat).		
DSCN0199.jpg, DSCN0200.jpg, DSCN0201.jpg (burrow entrances).		
DSCN0203.jpg, DSCN0204.jpg (habitat)		

2)	Burrow Status (1): B+FP	Burrow Status (2): No other details
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>
	B <i>Open burrow no pellets</i>	UB + FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>
	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>
	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1): B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2): 2 Pred enlarged, 1 Normal
Comments: 3 pygmy rabbit burrows		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by Predator. Dig - Fresh Digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: 76-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Not noted	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)		
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 3

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 1B

1)	Date:	5/20/2008	Team:	ROW Team6_Rotation2_Wk2	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	1			PS-06-002
Approx MP:		563.3			
Photos taken:		DSCN0268.jpg (burrow); DSCN0269.jpg (scat); DSCN0270.jpg, DSCN0271.jpg (habitat).			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Comments: Suspected pygmy rabbit habitat + burrow								
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):
Comments:			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>
5)	Soil:	Loam	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>
7)	Canopy Cover:	76-100	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Not noted	<i>0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe</i>
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>			
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3**
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 1C

1)	Date:	5/20/2008	Team: ROW Team6_Rotation2_Wk2	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	1		
	Approx MP:	563.3		
	Photos taken:	DSCN0271.jpg, DSCN0272.jpg (habitat). DSCN0273.jpg (burrow).		

2)	Burrow Status (1): B+FP	Burrow Status (2): None
	Comments: None	

	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
Burrow Status Key:	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1): B - At Base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2): E - Enlarged by Predator.
	Comments: None	
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: Few	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>
5)	Soil: Loam	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>
7)	Canopy Cover: 76-100	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Not noted	<i>0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe</i>
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>		
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Burrow was predator enlarged
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See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 1D

1)	Date:	5/23/2008	Team:	ROW Team6_Rotation2_Wk2	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	1			PS-06-004
	Approx MP:	561.2			
	Photos taken:	DSCN0311.jpg (burrow); DSCN0312.jpg (scat); DSCN0313.jpg (habitat)			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
Burrow Status Key:	Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At Base of Bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	
	Comments:	None		
	Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean Trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in Snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked Snow. <i>B</i> - At base of Bush. <i>R</i> - At base of Rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh Digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	<i>H</i> = High, a carpet. <i>M</i> = Moderate, <i>F</i> = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	<i>L</i> = Loam, <i>S</i> = Sand, <i>C</i> = Clay, <i>G</i> = Gravelly, <i>R</i> = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	<i>S</i> = Shrubs <i>F</i> = Forbs <i>G</i> = Grass <i>B</i> = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	51-75	<i>0</i> -Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Not noted	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)		
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 1E

1)	Date:	5/23/2008,	Team:	ROW Team7_Rotation2_Wk2	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	1			PP-07-016
	Approx MP:	571			
	Photos Taken:	Img20080521T154726.jpg (burrow - 5"); Img20080521T154744.jpg (habitat)			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None					
	Comments:	None							
	Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i> Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets	<i>B+OP</i> Burrow plus grey pellets	<i>B</i> Open burrow, no pellets	<i>UB +FP</i> Unused burrow, fresh pellets	<i>Col</i> Collapsed burrow	<i>B+dig</i> Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	<i>FP</i> Fresh pellets alone	<i>Poss</i> Possible PR burrow

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	No extra details
	Comments:	None		
	Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean Trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in Snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked Snow. <i>B</i> - At base of Bush. <i>R</i> - At base of Rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh Digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	High, a carpet	<i>H</i> = High, a carpet. <i>M</i> = Moderate, <i>F</i> = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	<i>L</i> = Loam, <i>S</i> = Sand, <i>C</i> = Clay, <i>G</i> = Gravelly, <i>R</i> = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	<i>S</i> = Shrubs <i>F</i> = Forbs <i>G</i> = Grass <i>B</i> = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	51-75	<i>0</i> -Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Moderate	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
		**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)	
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3**
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 2A

1)	Date:	6/11/2008	Team: T&E Team 1	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	2		PR-01-001
	Approx MP:	549.5		
	Photos taken:	Img20080611T144727.jpg		

2)	Burrow Status (1): B+FP	Burrow Status (2): No Extra Details						
	Comments:							
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	B <i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	UB +FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1): B - At Base of Bush.	Burrow Detail (2): No Extra Details
	Comments:	
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh Digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: 76-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Slight	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)	
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 2C

1)	Date:	6/12/2008	Team: T&E Team 1	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	2		PR-01-003
	Approx MP:	548.1		
	Photos taken:	Taken via Trimpix: lmg20080612T143813.jpg		

2)	Burrow Status (1): Collapsed Burrow	Burrow Status (2): No Extra Details						
	Comments:							
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	B <i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	UB +FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1): Col - Collapsed.	Burrow Detail (2): No Extra Details
	Comments:	
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh Digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: Clay	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: 26-50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Moderate	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>	
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 2

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	APPROX 5 PELLETS IDENTIFIED

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 2B

1)	Date:	6/11/2008	Team: T&E 1	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	2		PR-01-002
	Approx MP:	548		
	Photos taken:	Img20080611T153210.jpg		

2)	Burrow Status (1): B+FP	Burrow Status (2): No Extra Details																		
	Comments:																			
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 10%;"></th> <th style="width: 10%;">B+FP</th> <th style="width: 10%;">B+OP</th> <th style="width: 10%;">B</th> <th style="width: 10%;">UB +FP</th> <th style="width: 10%;">Col</th> <th style="width: 10%;">B+dig</th> <th style="width: 10%;">FP</th> <th style="width: 10%;">Poss</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="text-align: left;">Burrow Status Key:</td> <td><i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i></td> <td><i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i></td> <td><i>Open burrow, no pellets</i></td> <td><i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i></td> <td><i>Collapsed burrow</i></td> <td><i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i></td> <td><i>Fresh pellets alone</i></td> <td><i>Possible PR burrow</i></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>			B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss	Burrow Status Key:	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
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	Comments:																			
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4)	Pellet Quantity: Moderate	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>
5)	Soil: Loam	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>
7)	Canopy Cover: 51-75	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Moderate	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>	
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 2D

1)	Date:	6/12/2008	Team: T&E Team 1	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	2		PR-01-004
	Approx MP:	547.1		
	Photos taken:	Img20080612T143813.jpg		

2)	Burrow Status (1): B+OP	Burrow Status (2): No Extra Details						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	B <i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	UB +FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1): Deb - Debris filled.	Burrow Detail (2): No Extra Details
	Comments:	
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh Digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: 26-50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Slight	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)	
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 2E

1)	Date:	6/12/2008	Team: T&E 1	Pygmy Rabbit Point ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	2		
	Approx MP:	547.4		
	Photos taken:	DSCN0023.JPG		

2)	Burrow Status (1): B+OP	Burrow Status (2): No Extra Details						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	B <i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	UB +FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1): B - At Base of Bush.	Burrow Detail (2): No Extra Details
	Comments:	
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh Digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: 76-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: None	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>	
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
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- 3 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
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- 5 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 3B

1)	Date:	6/18/2008	Team:	2 (T_and_E\Rotation_3)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	3			PR-02-002 & 003
	Approx MP:	258.9 to 259.5			
	Photos Taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+FP (2)	Burrow Status (2):	B+OP (17)					
	Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i> <small>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</small>	<i>B+OP</i> <small>Burrow plus grey pellets</small>	<i>B</i> <small>Open burrow, no pellets</small>	<i>UB +FP</i> <small>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</small>	<i>Col</i> <small>Collapsed burrow</small>	<i>B+dig</i> <small>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</small>	<i>FP</i> <small>Fresh pellets alone</small>	<i>Poss</i> <small>Possible PR burrow</small>

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Col (6)
	Comments:	200 x 20m rectangle transect survey		
	Note that PR-02-002 marks the eastern end of the survey transect, and PR-02-003 marks the western end of the survey transect.			
	Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean Trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in Snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked Snow. <i>B</i> - At base of Bush. <i>R</i> - At base of Rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh Digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few	
5)	Soil:	Sand	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky	
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground	
7)	Canopy Cover:	26-50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%	
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Moderate	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe	
	<small>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</small>			
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances:	19

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Burrows located on and adjacent to existing AT&T ROW. Burrows located in med-to-large Sagebrush in lower parts of landscape (i.e. not on ridges). Most Burrows had older pellets nearby, although at least 2 burrows had fresher pellets in opening. Coyote scat in area, as well as possible Badger dens.
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12)	Extra information (if taken in field):	Elevation: 1668 m	Point Coordinates -	Easting: 699314.8 Northing: 4586399.3
	Accuracy - PDOP:	3.3	FOM:	+/- Feet: Meters:
	<small>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-02-002 & 003</small>			

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 3C

1)	Date:	6/18/2008	Team:	2 (T_and_E\Rotation_3)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	3			PR-02-004 & 005
	Approx MP:	260.8 to 261.0			
	Photos Taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+FP (2)	Burrow Status (2):	B+OP (8)				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At Base of Bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:	200 x 20m rectangle transect survey		
	Note that PR-02-004 marks the eastern end of the survey transect, and PR-02-005 marks the western end of the survey transect.			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh Digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Sand	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	26-50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing use level**:	Moderate	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 10

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	Burrows were located in a medium-to-tall sagebrush habitat centered around a dry creekbed (wash) that crossed the ROW. 10 Burrows were identified on north side of center line (and dirt road), with fresher pellets. Also, pellets but no burrows were found on south side of center line.

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation: 1690 m
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 696335.6
	Northing: 4585760.2
Accuracy - PDOP:	3
FOM:	+/- Feet: Meters:
	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-02-004 & 005

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
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- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 3D

1)	Date:	6/20/2008	Team:	2 (T_and_E\Rotation_3)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	3			PR-02-006
	Approx MP:	272.5			
	Photos Taken:	# 0512, 0514			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP (1)	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i>	<i>B+OP</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>UB +FP</i>	<i>Col</i>	<i>B+dig</i>	<i>FP</i>	<i>Poss</i>
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Possible PR burrow, Possible pellets.
	Comments:	200 x 20m rectangle transect survey		
	Marginal habitat:			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh Digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>
5)	Soil:	Gravelly	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>
6)	Canopy Type:	Forbs	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>
7)	Canopy Cover:	26-50	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Moderate	<i>0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe</i>
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>			
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Coyote Scat evident
	One burrow found with old pellets (other burrows were found in area but had no pellets). Other burrows range from very small to very large, and may be those of other animals. Habitat is marginal. Sagebrush are spaced apart and range from 1 to 2.5 feet tall.	

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation: 1849 m
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 678238.5 Northing: 4584568.7
Accuracy - PDOP: 2.4	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-02-006
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 3E

1)	Date:	6/20/2008	Team:	2 (T_and_E\Rotation_3)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000)
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	3			PR-02-007
	Approx MP:	273.9			
	Photos Taken:	# 0517, 0518			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+FP (1)	Burrow Status (2):	B+OP (1)					
	Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
		Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	O - Open.	Burrow Detail (2):	Possible PR burrow, Possible pellets.
	Comments:	200 x 20m rectangle transect survey		
	Old & Fresh Pellets			
	Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean Trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in Snow. US - Untracked Snow. B - At base of Bush. R - At base of Rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh Digging.</i>		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few		
5)	Soil:	Soil	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky		
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground		
7)	Canopy Cover:	79-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%		
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Moderate	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe		
			**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	<p>Burrow found in relatively open area next to young rabbitbrush with old & fresh pellets. No other burrows found. Habitat is short and tall sagebrush with large open spaces between sagebrush plants (open canopy). Other ground cover is composed of mixed grasses.</p>
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12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation: 1896 m	
		Point Coordinates -	Easting: 676015.3
			Northing: 458434.8
	Accuracy - PDOP:	2.0	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-02-007
	FOM:	+/- Feet:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use, or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4AA

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-027
	Approx MP:	56.8			
	PhotosTaken:	# 0564			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown,</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:	Burrows amongst large mounded area		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few		
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky		
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground		
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	0 - Trace, 1 - 10%, 11 - 25%, 26 - 50%, 51 - 75%, 76 - 100%		
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 - None, 1 - Slight, 2 - Light, 3 - Moderate, 4 - Heavy, 5 - Severe		
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>					
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	20

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Some collapsed, or debris filled, or predator enlarged.</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483708.647
	Northing: 4594108.120
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-027</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

Brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

Burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

Burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.
- 6

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4B

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_ERotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-002
	Approx MP:	58.4			
	Photos taken:	0526 & 0527 (possible burrow), 0528 (+ fresh digging, old pellets), 0529 (pellets). 0530 (Tall Sage stand).			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown,</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	3 old, and 1 Fresh burrow
	Comments:	Evidence of digging. Old pellets.		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	76-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 4

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Area was located in a wash.
	3 old burrows - one with fresh digging (see photographs). Old pellets present. These signs located in a tall sage stand ("island" amongst shorter sage).	

12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:	
		Point Coordinates -	Easting: 480763.735 Northing: 4592872.144
	Accuracy - PDOP:		<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-002</i>
	FOM: +/-	Feet: Meters:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4BB

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #: 4				PR-04-028
	Approx MP:	516.2			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B+OP</i>	Burrow Status (2): <i>None</i>						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown,</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>	Burrow Detail (2): <i>None</i>
Comments:		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i> <i>TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush.</i> <i>R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: High, a carpet	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: 11 to 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators): <i>Collapsed burrow.</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483892.960
	Northing: 4594242.763
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-028</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4C

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-003
	Approx MP:	58.4			
	Photos taken:	# 0531 (pellets), 0532 (predator enlarged), 0533 (Normal burrow).			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	4 Pred enlarged, 1 Normal burrow
	Comments:			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked snow. <i>B</i> - At base of bush. <i>R</i> - At base of rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh digging.			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	76-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 5

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Area was located in a wash.
	4 Predator enlarged burrows, 1 normal unaffected burrow (with old pellets at the entrance). Again, these signs were amongst an "island" of tall sage. Old pellets identified throughout the whole area.	

12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
		Point Coordinates - Easting: 480795.531
		Northing: 4592875.125
	Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-003
	FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4CC

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-029
	Approx MP:	516.2			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None					
	Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
		Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
	See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:			
	Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked snow. <i>B</i> - At base of bush. <i>R</i> - At base of rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few		
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky		
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground		
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 to 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%		
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe		
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)				
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>2 burrows open, 4 collapsed</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483819.663
	Northing: 4594216.094
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-029
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4D

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-004
	Approx MP:	59			
	Photos taken:	# 0534 (large burrow), 0535 (small burrow), 0537 (pellets)			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None					
	Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
		Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:	In tall stand of Sage.		
	Burrow Detail Key:	T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	76-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing use level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe **See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 4

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Located in Wash.
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12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:	
		Point Coordinates -	Easting: 480872.702
			Northing: 4592950.640
	Accuracy - PDOP:		If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-004
	FOM:	+/- Feet: Meters:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4DD

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-030
	Approx MP:	516.1			
	Photos taken:	# 0565			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None					
	Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
		Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
	See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:			
	Burrow Detail Key:	T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few		
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky		
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground		
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%		
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe		
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)				
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<u>1 burrow predator enlarged, 2 open, 3 collapsed</u>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483737.928
	Northing: 4594176.953
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-030
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4E

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-005
	Approx MP:	57.5			
	Photos taken:	None (see PR-04-004 photographs, as identifying features are identical).			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None					
	Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
		Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	plus one Collapsed burrow
	Comments:	1 burrow and one collapsed mound.		
	Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked snow. <i>B</i> - At base of bush. <i>R</i> - At base of rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	76-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe **See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Located in Wash. Mounding present.
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12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:	
		Point Coordinates -	Easting: 480911.453
			Northing: 4592960.907
	Accuracy - PDOP:		If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-005
	FOM:	+/- Feet: Meters:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4EE

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-031
	Approx MP:	516.3			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None					
	Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
		Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
	See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:			
	Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked snow. <i>B</i> - At base of bush. <i>R</i> - At base of rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few		
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky		
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground		
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 to 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%		
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe		
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)				
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	4

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<u>2 open, 2 collapsed burrows</u>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483679.066
	Northing: 4594154.291
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-031
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4F

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-006
	Approx MP:	57.6			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:	In tall stand of sage. An "island" amongst shorter sage.		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few	
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky	
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground	
7)	Canopy Cover:	76-100	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%	
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe	
	<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances:	1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Located in Wash.
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12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 480978.026
	Northing: 4592994.028
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-006
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4G

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-007
	Approx MP:	57.6			
	Photos taken:	# 0540 (carpet of pellets), 0541 (burrow).			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:	Sage medium height.		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	High, a carpet	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	50-75	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 4

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	3 Predator enlarged, and 1 normal burrow. 15ft square area carpeted with pellets.

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 481158.203
	Northing: 4593065.238
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-007</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Burrow Status Key:**Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):**

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets**Pellets only (P):**

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4GG

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-033
	Approx MP:	?			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None					
	Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i> <small>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</small>	<i>B+OP</i> <small>Burrow plus grey pellets</small>	<i>B</i> <small>Open burrow, no pellets</small>	<i>UB +FP</i> <small>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</small>	<i>Col</i> <small>Collapsed burrow</small>	<i>B+dig</i> <small>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</small>	<i>FP</i> <small>Fresh pellets alone</small>	<i>Poss</i> <small>Possible PR burrow</small>
	See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:			
	Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked snow. <i>B</i> - At base of bush. <i>R</i> - At base of rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	<i>H</i> = High, a carpet. <i>M</i> = Moderate, <i>F</i> = Few	
5)	Soil:	Loam	<i>L</i> = Loam, <i>S</i> = Sand, <i>C</i> = Clay, <i>G</i> = Gravelly, <i>R</i> = Rocky	
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	<i>S</i> = shrubs <i>F</i> = Forbs <i>G</i> = Grass <i>B</i> = Bare ground	
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	<i>0</i> -Trace, <i>1</i> -10%, <i>11</i> -25%, <i>26</i> -50%, <i>51</i> -75%, <i>76</i> -100%	
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe	
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances:	6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Burrow details: 1 predator enlarged, 3 collapsed, 2 old but open.</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483534.917
	Northing: 4594092.920
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID:
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	PR-04-033

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:**Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):**

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets**Pellets only (P):**

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4H

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-008
Approx MP:		57.7			
Photos taken:		None - Diagnostic features identical to point PR-04-007			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i>	<i>B+OP</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>UB +FP</i>	<i>Col</i>	<i>B+dig</i>	<i>FP</i>	<i>Poss</i>
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
Comments:				
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked snow. <i>B</i> - At base of bush. <i>R</i> - At base of rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh digging.			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>		
5)	Soil:	Loam	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>		
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>		
7)	Canopy Cover:	75-100	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>		
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	<i>0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe</i>		
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)					
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	6 burrows + Moderate amount of pellets spread throughout a 75ft square area in Wash. Points were not taken at every burrow, as the whole Wash area was identified as good Pygmy Rabbit habitat.

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 481196.954
	Northing: 4593098.690
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-008
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4J

1)	Date:	7/24/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_EVRotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-010
	Approx MP:	57.8			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:	Found in low sage. In the western extreme of Wash, a pellet-carpeted area of approx 15 square feet was observed.		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	High, a carpet	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	25-50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:	
		Point Coordinates -	Easting: 480316.936
			Northing: 4592693.623
	Accuracy - PDOP:		<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-010</i>
	FOM: +/- Feet:	Meters:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4N

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_EVRotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-014
	Approx MP:	58			
	Photos taken:	# 0547			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:	Both burrows collapsed		
Burrow Detail Key:	T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few		
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky		
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground		
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%		
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe		
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)				
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	2

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	Some burrows predator enlarged. Some collapsed. 1 possibly active (but only a small amount of old scat).

12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
		Point Coordinates - Easting: 482209.786
		Northing: 4593529.259
	Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-014
	FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4P

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000): PR-04-016
	Refer to Cover Sheet #: 4				
Approx MP:		57.6			
Photos taken:		#0549			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP			Burrow Status (2):	None		
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.			Burrow Detail (2):	Deb - Debris filled		
Comments:								
Burrow Detail Key:								

4)	Pellet Quantity:	High, a carpet	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few					
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky					
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground					
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%					
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe					
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)								
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	6			

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
Some burrows collapsed, some debris filled.	

12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:			
		Point Coordinates -	Easting:	482093.041	
				Northing: 4593492.333	
	Accuracy - PDOP:				
	FOM:	+/-	Feet:	Meters:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-016

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4Q

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-017
	Approx MP:	57.5			
	Photos Taken:	#0550			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
See page over for key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Deb - Debris filled.
	Comments: None			
Burrow Detail Key:	T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 to 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing use level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	Some burrows collapsed, some debris filled.

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 482055.244
	Northing: 4593439.592
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-017
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4R

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-018
	Approx MP:	57			
	Photos Taken:	#0551			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None					
	Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
		Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
	See over for key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Deb - Debris filled.
	Comments: None			
	Burrow Detail Key:	T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.		

4)	Pellet Quantity:	High, a carpet	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 to 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 10

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Some burrows collapsed, some predator enlarged, some debris filled</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 481740.535
	Northing: 4593322.649
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-018
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4S

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-019
	Approx MP:	57			
	Photos Taken:	#0552			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments: None			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	High, a carpet	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	26-50	0 - Trace, 1 - 10%, 11 - 25%, 26 - 50%, 51 - 75%, 76 - 100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 - None, 1 - Slight, 2 - Light, 3 - Moderate, 4 - Heavy, 5 - Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Some burrows collapsed, some predator enlarged.</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 481690.417
	Northing: 4593295.312
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-019
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4T

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #: 4				PR-04-020
	Approx MP:	56.8			
	Photos Taken:	#0553			

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B+OP</i>	Burrow Status (2): <i>None</i>						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>	Burrow Detail (2): <i>None</i>
Comments: <i>None</i>		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i> <i>TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush.</i> <i>R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: 26-50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing use level**: Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 481638.779
	Northing: 4593264.937
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-020</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4U

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-021
	Approx MP:	56.7			
	Photos Taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:	PELLETS MORE YELLOW THAN GREY: POSSIBLY FRESHER		
Burrow Detail Key:	T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few	
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky	
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground	
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 to 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%	
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe	
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)				
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances:	2

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):	2 Collapsed burrows

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 481984.250
	Northing: 4593398.491
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-021
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4V

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-022
	Approx MP:	56.6			
	Photos Taken:	# 0556			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown,	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Deb - Debris filled.
	Comments:			
Burrow Detail Key:	T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 4

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Some burrows collapsed, others debris filled</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 482488.863
	Northing: 4593580.958
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-022
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4W

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000): PR-04-023
	Refer to Cover Sheet #: 4				
Approx MP:		56.6			
Photos taken:		# 0557			

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B+OP</i>				Burrow Status (2): <i>None</i>			
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>		Burrow Detail (2): <i>None</i>	
Comments:				
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i>			
	<i>TS - tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 TO 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): 0		10) Number of Entrances: 4

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
<i>Some burrows collapsed, others open & predator enlarged</i>	

12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
		Point Coordinates -
Accuracy - PDOP:		If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-023
FOM:	+/- Feet: Meters:	

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4W

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-023
	Approx MP:	56.6			
	Photos taken:	# 0557			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
	Comments:			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Few	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 TO 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 4

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Some burrows collapsed, others open & predator enlarged</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 482569.383
	Northing: 4593615.063
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-023</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4X

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-024
	Approx MP:	56.7			
	Photos taken:	# 0563			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i>	<i>B+OP</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>UB +FP</i>	<i>Col</i>	<i>B+dig</i>	<i>FP</i>	<i>Poss</i>
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Deb - Debris filled.
	Comments:			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few		
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky		
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground		
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%		
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe		
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)					
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:	4

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Some burrows collapsed, or debris filled, or predator enlarged</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483226.599
	Northing: 4593909.642
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-024
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.
- 6

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4Y

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-025
	Approx MP:	56.7			
	Photos Taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i>	<i>B+OP</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>UB +FP</i>	<i>Col</i>	<i>B+dig</i>	<i>FP</i>	<i>Poss</i>
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Deb - Debris filled.
	Comments:			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>	
5)	Soil:	Loam	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>	
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>	
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 to 25	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>	
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe	
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>				
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10)	Number of Entrances:
			2	

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>1 burrow collapsed, 1 debris filled</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483316.975
	Northing: 4593936.862
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-025
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 4Z

1)	Date:	7/25/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	4			PR-04-026
	Approx MP:	56.8			
	Photos Taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	None
Comments:				
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked snow. <i>B</i> - At base of bush. <i>R</i> - At base of rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh digging.			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Heavy, a carpet	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	<i>0</i> -Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Some collapsed</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 483559.034
	Northing: 4594048.835
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-026
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 5A

1)	Date:	7/30/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	5			PR-04-034
	Approx MP:	27			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i>	<i>B+OP</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>UB +FP</i>	<i>Col</i>	<i>B+dig</i>	<i>FP</i>	<i>Poss</i>
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Deb - Debris filled
	Comments:			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T</i> - Clean trail. <i>O</i> - Open. <i>Col</i> - Collapsed. <i>Deb</i> - Debris filled. <i>TS</i> - Tracks in snow. <i>US</i> - Untracked snow. <i>B</i> - At base of bush. <i>R</i> - At base of rock. <i>E</i> - Enlarged by predator. <i>Dig</i> - Fresh digging.			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>
5)	Soil:	Loam	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>
7)	Canopy Cover:	26 - 50	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Heavy	<i>0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe</i>
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 1

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 527511.793
	Northing: 4598998.335
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-034</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.
- 6

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 5B

1)	Date:	7/30/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000): PR-04-035
	Refer to Cover Sheet #: 5				
Approx MP: 31					
Photos taken: # 0606 & 0607					

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B+FP</i>	Burrow Status (2): <i>None</i>						
Burrow Status Key:	<i>B+FP</i>	<i>B+OP</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>UB +FP</i>	<i>Col</i>	<i>B+dig</i>	<i>FP</i>	<i>Poss</i>
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>	Burrow Detail (2): <i>Deb - Debris filled</i>
Comments:		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i> <i>TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R</i> <i>- At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: <i>Few</i>	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>
5)	Soil: <i>Loam</i>	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>
6)	Canopy Type: <i>Shrubs</i>	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>
7)	Canopy Cover: <i>26 - 50</i>	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>
8)	Grazing Use Level**: <i>Slight</i>	<i>0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe</i>
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): <i>0</i>	10) Number of Entrances: <i>8</i>

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
<i>1 FRESH PILE, 1 OLDER PILE, PLUS OTHER OLD/GREY PELLETS. 2 ACTIVE BURROWS LOCATED 20FT AWAY WITH NO PELLETS.</i>	
<i>Burrow detail: 5 collapsed, 3 debris filled.</i>	

12)	Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:			
		Point Coordinates -	Easting: 522047.690		
			Northing: 4596650.578		
		Accuracy - PDOP:		If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID:	
		FOM: +/-	Feet:	Meters:	PR-04-035

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:**Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):**

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets**Pellets only (P):**

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 5D

1)	Date:	8/1/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	5			PR-04-037
	Approx MP:	42.2			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B+OP</i>	Burrow Status (2): <i>None</i>						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	B <i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	UB +FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>	Burrow Detail (2): <i>Deb - Debris filled</i>
	Comments: <i>In tall sage.</i>	
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i> <i>TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush.</i> <i>R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: 26 - 50	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Heavy	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Burrow detail: 3 Collapsed, 2 predator enlarged, 1 debris filled.</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 505176.578
	Northing: 4597585.514
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-037
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:**Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):**

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets**Pellets only (P):**

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 5E

1)	Date:	8/1/2008	Team:	4 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	5			PR-04-038
	Approx MP:	42.2			
	Photos taken:	None			

2)	Burrow Status (1):	B+OP	Burrow Status (2):	None				
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets	Burrow plus grey pellets	Open burrow, no pellets	Unused burrow, fresh pellets	Collapsed burrow	Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets	Fresh pellets alone	Possible PR burrow
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1):	B - At base of bush.	Burrow Detail (2):	Deb - Debris filled
	Comments:			
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>			

4)	Pellet Quantity:	Moderate	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil:	Loam	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type:	Shrubs	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover:	11 to 25	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**:	Severe	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)			
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any):	0	10) Number of Entrances: 3

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	Burrow detail: 2 debris filled, 1 open (but old).

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 505162.211
	Northing: 4597576.975
Accuracy - PDOP:	If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-04-038
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.
- 6

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 6A

1)	Date:	8/6/2008	Team: 11 (T_and_E\Rotation_5)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	6		
	Approx MP:	326		
	Photos taken:	0012 (Burrow), 0013 (Scat at entrance), 0014 (scat piles in vicinity)		
		PR-11-001		

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B+FP</i>	Burrow Status (2): <i>None</i>						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	B <i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	UB +FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>	Burrow Detail (2): <i>O - Open.</i>
Comments:		
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: <i>Few</i>	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: <i>Loam</i>	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: <i>Shrubs</i>	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: <i>51 - 75</i>	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: <i>Moderate</i>	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)		
9)	Number of Rabbits observed (if any): <i>0</i>	10) Number of Entrances: <i>2</i>

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators): <i>Both entrances approx 4" wide. A few fresh brown pellets observed near entrance (3-5mm wide). Numerous scat pellets in 20ft vicinity.</i>
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12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Lat: 115.42.47.560
	Long: 41.14.54.951
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-11-001</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 6B

1)	Date:	8/6/2008	Team: 11 (T_and_E\Rotation_5)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	6		PR-11-002
Approx MP:		326		
Photos taken:		0015 (burrow), 0016 (habitat).		

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B - Open burrow, no pellets</i>	Burrow Status (2): <i>None</i>						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	B <i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	UB +FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>	Burrow Detail (2): <i>O - Open.</i>
Comments:		
Burrow Detail Key: <i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled. TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush. R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>		

4)	Pellet Quantity: <i>Few</i>	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>
5)	Soil: <i>Loam</i>	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>
6)	Canopy Type: <i>Shrubs</i>	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>
7)	Canopy Cover: <i>51 - 75</i>	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>
8)	Grazing Use Level**: <i>Moderate</i>	<i>0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe</i>
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): <i>0</i>	10) Number of Entrances: <i>1</i>

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Approx 40 ft from PR-11-001. One entrance approx 3.5" wide at base of sagebrush. No scat found.</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Lat: 115.42.46.353
	Long: 41.14.54.514
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID:</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	<i>PR-11-002</i>

See Page Over for BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
- 3 **Light (21-40%).** The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 4 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 5 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 6 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 6C

1)	Date:	8/6/2008	Team: 11 (T_and_E\Rotation_5)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #:	6		PR-11-003
	Approx MP:	334		
	Photos taken:	0024 (scat)		

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B+FP</i>	Burrow Status (2): <i>None</i>						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP	B+OP	B	UB +FP	Col	B+dig	FP	Poss
	<i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	<i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	<i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	<i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	<i>Collapsed burrow</i>	<i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	<i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	<i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>	Burrow Detail (2): <i>O - Open.</i>
	Comments:	
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i> <i>TS - tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush.</i> <i>R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>	

4)	Pellet Quantity: <i>Few</i>	H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few
5)	Soil: <i>Loam</i>	L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky
6)	Canopy Type: <i>Shrubs</i>	S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground
7)	Canopy Cover: <i>51 - 75</i>	0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%
8)	Grazing Use Level**: <i>Moderate</i>	0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe
	<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>	
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): <i>0</i>	10) Number of Entrances: 2

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators):
	<i>Burrow with 2 entrances. Both approx 4.5" wide. Pellets found near entrance. Fresh brown appearance. Small scat pile found 10ft from burrow. Burrow appeared active. No cobwebs / debris blocking entrance. No photos of burrow.</i>

12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Lat: 115.51.58.528
	Long: 41.14.05.505
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-11-003</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 **None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 **Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 **Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 **Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 **Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.
- 6

Pygmy Rabbit Survey Form

Data Sheet #: 7B

1)	Date:	7/31/2008	Team:	5 (T_and_E\Rotation_4)	Pygmy Rabbit Feature ID (PR-00-000):
	Refer to Cover Sheet #: 7				PR-05-002
Approx MP:		513.85 (July route)			
Photos taken:		None			

2)	Burrow Status (1): <i>B+FP (1)</i>	Burrow Status (2): <i>B+OP (3)</i>						
Burrow Status Key:	B+FP <i>Used burrow plus brown, green, or black pellets</i>	B+OP <i>Burrow plus grey pellets</i>	B <i>Open burrow, no pellets</i>	UB +FP <i>Unused burrow, fresh pellets</i>	Col <i>Collapsed burrow</i>	B+dig <i>Burrow, fresh digging, no pellets</i>	FP <i>Fresh pellets alone</i>	Poss <i>Possible PR burrow</i>
See over for Key explanation								

3)	Burrow Detail (1): <i>B - At base of bush.</i>	Burrow Detail (2):						
Comments: <i>see below</i>								
<table style="width: 100%; border: none;"> <tr> <td style="width: 25%;">Burrow Detail Key:</td> <td><i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><i>TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush.</i></td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td><i>R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i></td> </tr> </table>			Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i>		<i>TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush.</i>		<i>R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>
Burrow Detail Key:	<i>T - Clean trail. O - Open. Col - Collapsed. Deb - Debris filled.</i>							
	<i>TS - Tracks in snow. US - Untracked snow. B - At base of bush.</i>							
	<i>R - At base of rock. E - Enlarged by predator. Dig - Fresh digging.</i>							

4)	Pellet Quantity: Moderate	<i>H = High, a carpet. M = Moderate, F = Few</i>
5)	Soil: Sand	<i>L = Loam, S = Sand, C = Clay, G = Gravelly, R = Rocky</i>
6)	Canopy Type: Shrubs	<i>S = Shrubs F = Forbs G = Grass B = Bare ground</i>
7)	Canopy Cover: 76 - 100	<i>0-Trace, 1-10%, 11-25%, 26-50%, 51-75%, 76-100%</i>
8)	Grazing Use Level**: Slight	<i>0 -None, 1 -Slight, 2 -Light, 3 -Moderate, 4 -Heavy, 5 -Severe</i>
<i>**See BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level (next page)</i>		
9)	Number of Rabbits Observed (if any): 0	10) Number of Entrances: 6

11)	Comments (including any evidence of predators): <i>Small valley with medium stature sagebrush containing many possible Pygmy rabbit burrows and pellets. Area of suitable habitat is 500' x 600' wide when measured East-to-West. North-to-South length is much longer (~0.5 miles). Four possible burrows were located near this point. Old scat was found throughout; several newer pellets were found. This point was taken near the western end of this suitable habitat area (PR-05-001 marks the eastern end of this area).</i>
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12) Extra Information (if taken in field):	Elevation:
	Point Coordinates - Easting: 338199.950
	Northing: 46039947.341
Accuracy - PDOP:	<i>If no info, seek GIS data for Feature ID: PR-05-002</i>
FOM: +/- Feet: Meters:	

Burrow Status Key:

Used burrow plus fresh pellets (B+FP):

brown pellets near a burrow, at least one entrance open, without cobwebs or debris that shows lack of use, usually shows a trail. In snow, tracks and/or pellets visible.

Unused burrow plus fresh pellet (UB+FP):

burrow entrances have cobwebs, grass seeds, or other debris in entrance, but with brown pellets. May show transitory use

Burrow plus old pellets (B+OP):

Only grey pellets at a burrow, entrances may show signs of non-use.

Burrow, no pellets (B):

burrow entrance is not collapsed but no pellets found. Also use this category for burrows in snow where no tracks or pellets are visible.

Collapsed burrow (Col): No pellets

Pellets only (P):

No burrows found, but pellets appear right for pygmy rabbit. (Collect and label.)

Fresh digging at a burrow but no pellets (B+dig):

Digging may have been by a predator such as coyote or badger. If it was a predator, it was most likely digging after prey, and the prey may have been pygmy rabbit.

Possible PR burrow (Poss):

Burrow seems right for pygmy rabbit, but there are confusing pellets or no pellets, or it is not in association with other pygmy rabbit burrows (identified by pellets or sightings).

BLM's Landscape Appearance Method for Classifying Grazing Use Level:

- 1 None (0-5 %).** The rangeland shows no evidence of grazing use; or the rangeland has the appearance of negligible grazing.
- 2 Slight (6-20%).** The rangeland has the appearance of very light grazing. The key herbaceous forage plants may be topped or slightly used. Current seedstalks and young plants of key herbaceous species are little disturbed.
Light (21-40%). The rangeland may be topped, skimmed, or grazed in patches. The low value herbaceous plants are ungrazed and 60 to 80 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous plants remain intact. Most ground plants are undamaged.
- 3 Moderate (41-60%).** The rangeland appears entirely covered as uniformly as natural features and facilities will allow. Fifteen to 20 % of the number of current seedstalks of key herbaceous species remains intact. No more than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants are utilized. (Moderate use does not imply proper use.)
- 4 Heavy (61-80%).** The rangeland has the appearance of complete search. Key herbaceous species are almost completely utilized with less than 10 % of the current seedstalks remaining. Shoots of rhizomatous grasses are missing. More than 10 % of the number of low value herbaceous forage plants have been utilized.
- 5 Severe (81-100%).** The rangeland has a mown appearance and there are indications of repeated coverage. There is no evidence of reproduction or current seedstalks of key herbaceous species. Key herbaceous forage species are completely utilized. The remaining stubble of preferred grasses is grazed to the soil surface.